

PIKIR – words to do with ‘think’

* Kami tidak perlu **berpikir** tentang hal itu.

*We don't need to **think** about that.*

* Kami tidak perlu **memikirkan** hal itu.

*We don't need to **think about** that.*

* Hal itu tidak usah **dipikirkan**.

*That doesn't need to **be thought about**.*

* Dia mencoba untuk menenangkan **pikiran** dengan meditasi.

*She tried to calm her **thoughts** by meditation.*

* Agus is a very open- **minded** person.

*Agus adalah orang yang sangat **berpikiran** terbuka.*

Notes

* **berpikir** (v): to think, to ponder

* **memikirkan** (v): to think about (something).

[“memikirkan” means the same as “berpikir *tentang*”. For example, for “He thinks about that matter”, you can say “Dia berpikir tentang hal itu” or you can say “Dia memikirkan hal itu”. Of the two forms, “berpikir tentang” is more common in speech.]

* **pikiran** (n): a thought, an idea, mind

Practice. Say it in Indonesian. For each word in bold use a PIKIR word. (Be ready to choose between *memikirkan* and *dipikirkan* as needed.)

1. She often **thinks about** her former boyfriend. [with ‘mantan’]

Dia sering **memikirkan** (or ‘berpikir tentang’) mantan pacarnya.

2. Yes, I also often have **thoughts** like that.

Ya, saya juga sering punya **pikiran** seperti itu.

3. I would like to know what she is thinking. [i.e., ‘what **is thought about** by her’]

Saya ingin tahu apa yang **dipikirkannya**.

4. After **thinking** for a long time, Bu Rini began to write.

Setelah **berpikir** lama Bu Rini mulai menulis.

5. Is there an easy way to get rid of negative **thoughts**? [with ‘menghilangkan’]

Apakah ada cara yang mudah untuk menghilangkan **pikiran** negatif?

6. We are looking for people who are capable of **thinking** critically. [with ‘mampu’]

Kami mencari orang yang mampu **berpikir** secara kritis.

7. We’re having fun -- we haven’t **thought about** the future. [with ‘bersenang-senang’]

Kami bersenang-senang -- kami belum **memikirkan** (or ‘berpikir tentang’) masa depan.

8. After buying those shoes, she changed her **mind**. [with ‘berubah’]

Setelah membeli sepatu itu dia berubah **pikiran**.

9. S/he likes the way of thinking (i.e., ‘way to **think**’) of Thai society.

Dia suka dengan cara **berpikir** masyarakat Thai (or ‘Thailand’).